



IETF: Internet Evolution Turbo Facilitator

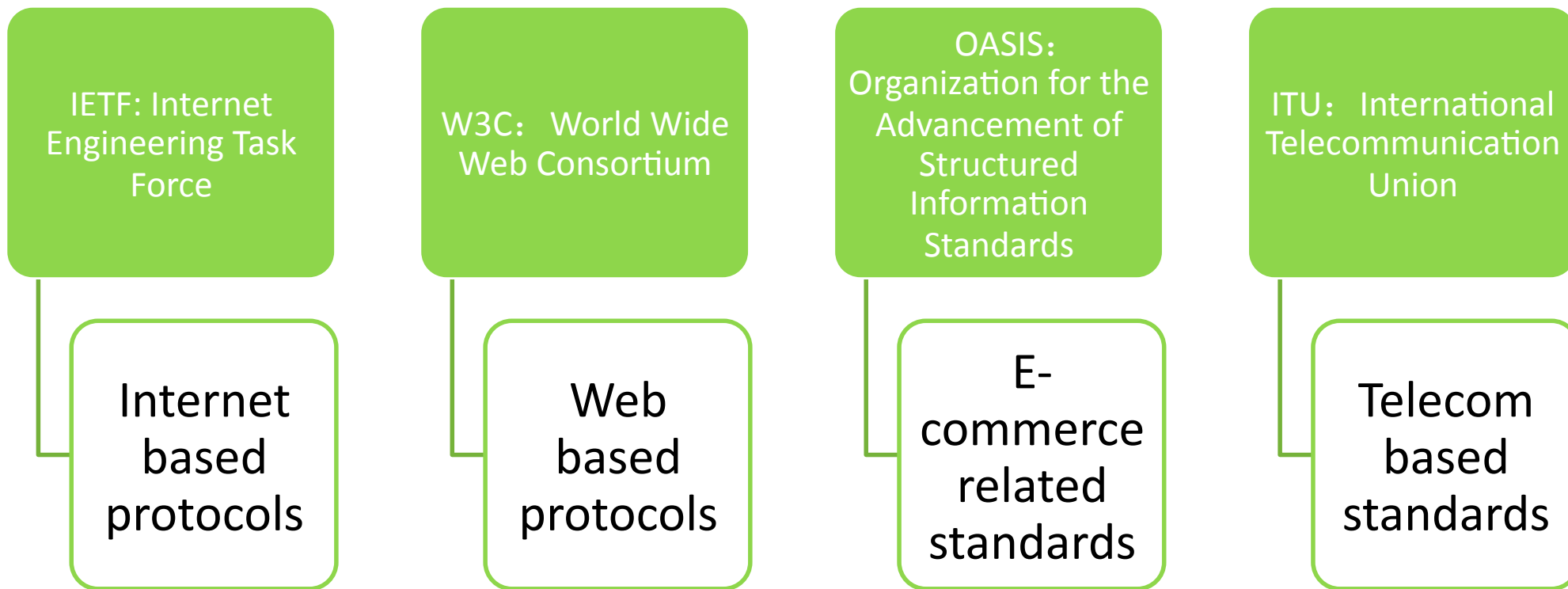
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2009



Major Standards Organization for Internet



IETF standards: a de-facto standard for Internet

No formal recognition for IETF standards

Many standards organization refer to IETF protocols

Some government standards refer to IETF standards

Internet companies implement them

A lot of people use IETF protocols

More than 90% of Internet Standards are created by IETF (Internet Engineering Task Force), including:

Internet base
protocol: TCP/IP

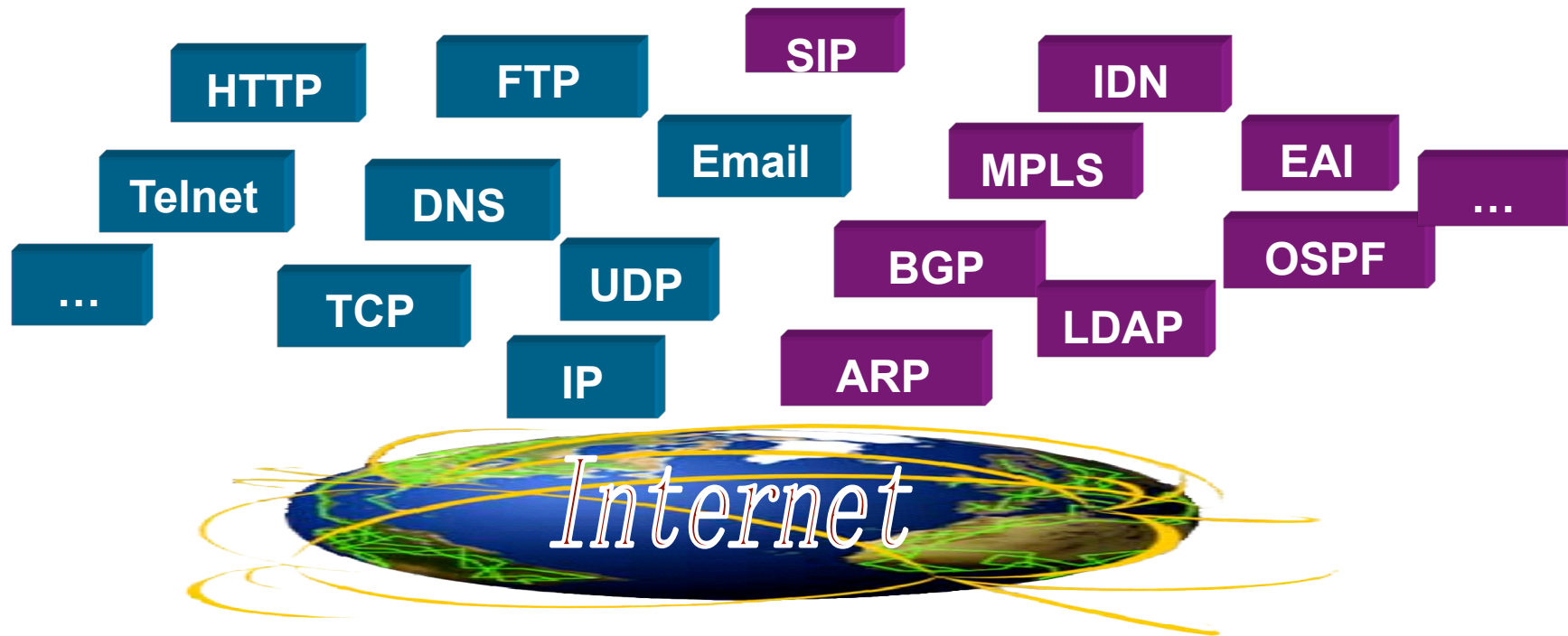
Browsing Web: HTTP

Email Service:
SMTP、POP、IMAP

Domain Name
Resolution: DNS







File Downloading:
FTP

Other Protocols such
as routing, SNMP



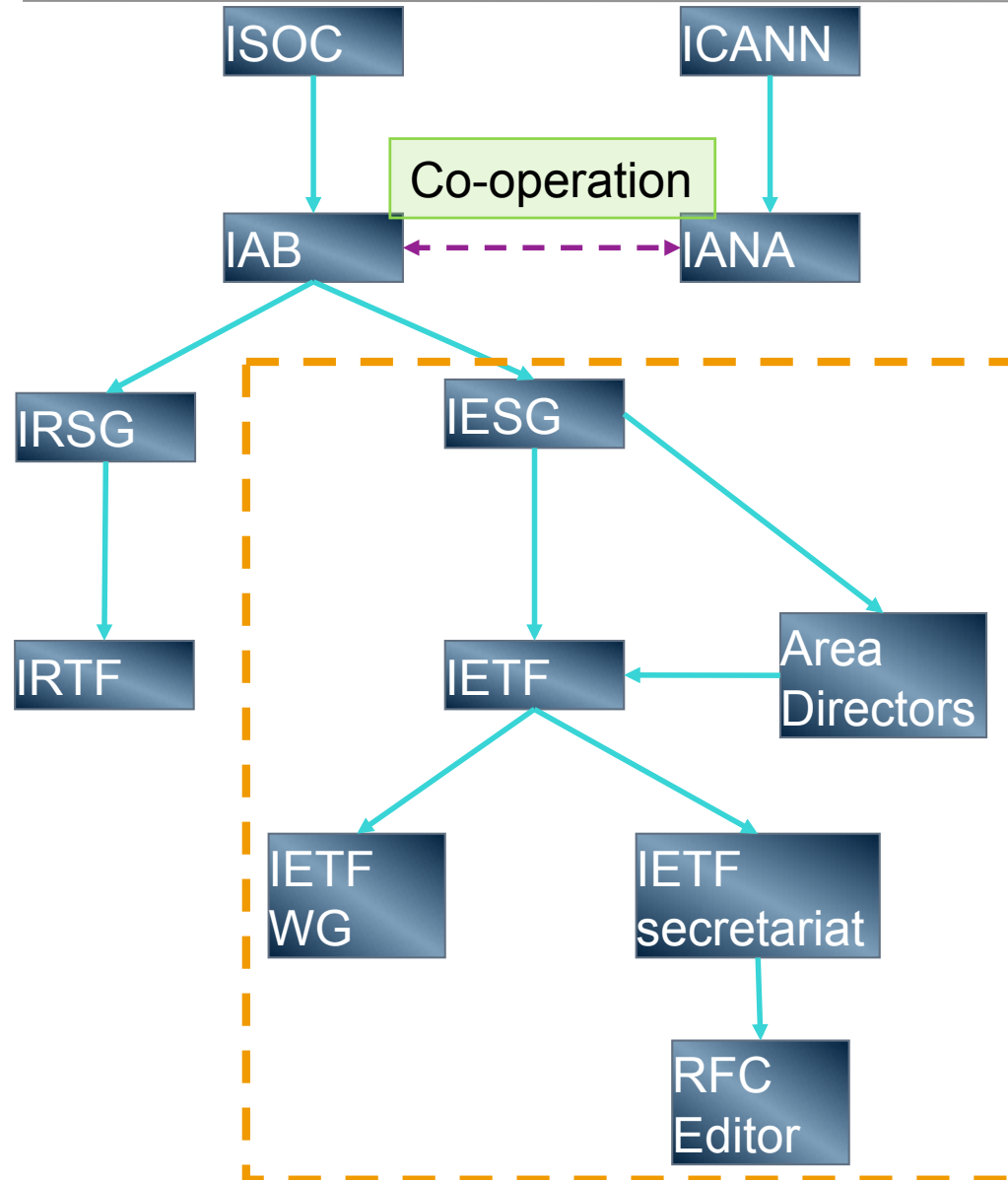
IETF leads the Internet to flourish for more than 20 years

- The Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF) is a large open international community of network designers, operators, vendors, and researchers concerned with the evolution of the Internet architecture and the smooth operation of the Internet.
- IETF is founded in early 1986
- It is open to any interested individual.
- Recent meeting participants: around 1000

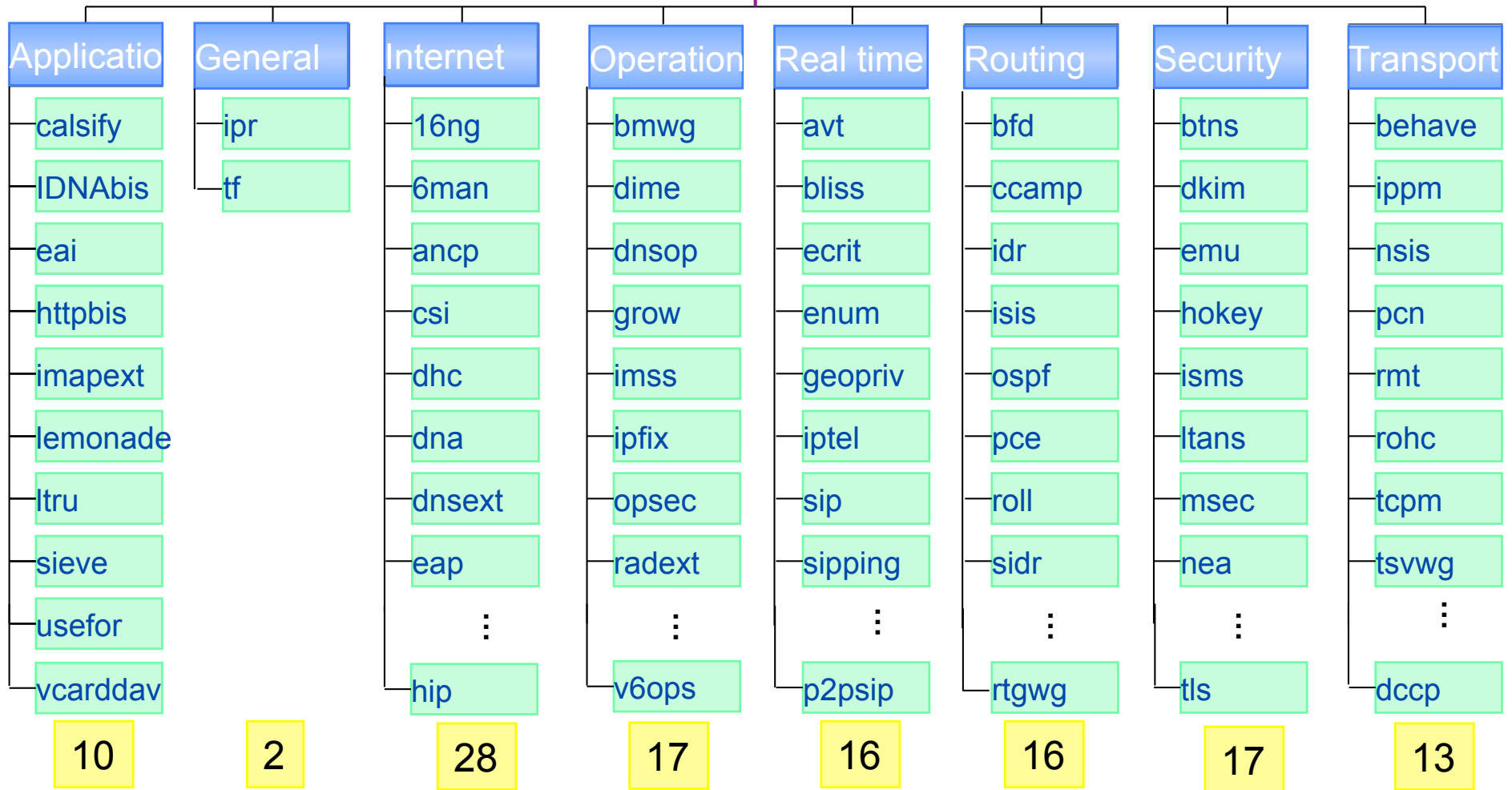
-  IAB member (red)
-  IESG member (yellow)
-  Working Group chair (blue)
-  nomcom (orange) – they came to listen to you...
-  local host (green)
-  others, maybe even drums and ornaments ...

- all open - no “confidential contributions”
 - Any document can be find online
 - Anyone with the email can give the comments
 - Any decision is not decided secretly
- developed as Internet-Drafts
 - anyone can submit - “expire” in 6 months
 - some I-Ds are working group documents
- published as RFCs
 - archival publications (never changed once published)
 - different types: (not all RFCs are standards!)
 - informational, experimental, BCP, standards track, historic
- 3-stage standards track, under review in NEWTRK
 - Proposed Standard, Draft Standard, Internet Standard

IETF and Other related Organization



IETF



More than 100 WGs



- no defined membership
 - just participants
 - Any individual, not company
- Anyone with the email address can join it
- Workshop for producing drafts and rfc's
- Major work is on mailing lists
- Face-to-Face meeting is to discuss and decide some very important things
- “*Rough consensus and running code...*”

WG Principal: Rough Consensus

"We reject kings, presidents and voting. We believe in rough consensus and running code."

-- *Dave Clark*

- Clearly dominant agreement
- Does not have to be unanimous
- Judging consensus can be hard w/o voting
 - humm
 - show of hands
- May discard parts to get consensus on rest
 - May discard the part which can not have a consensus
 - Consensus on the part which can have a consensus

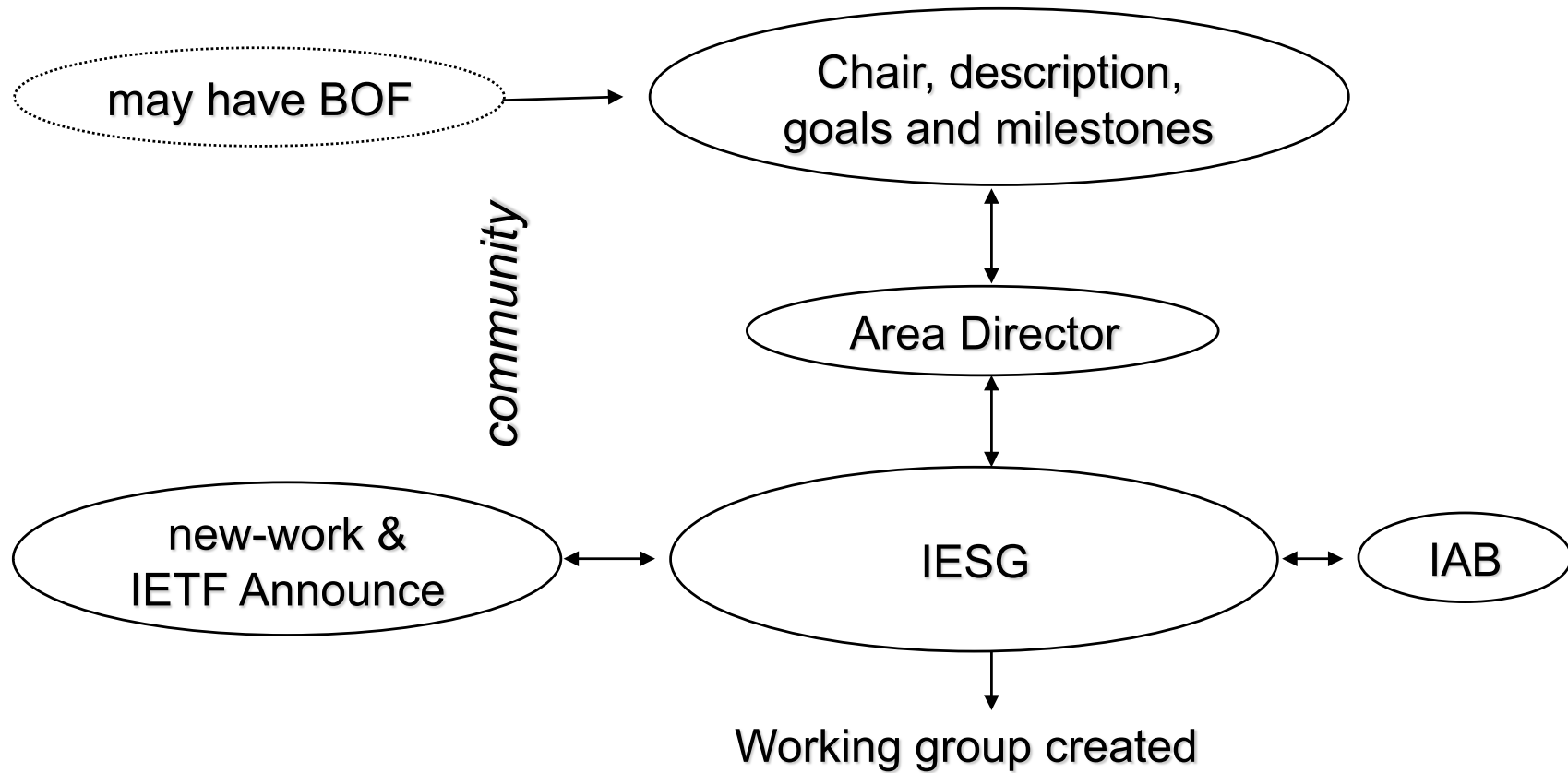
IETF decisions can be appealed

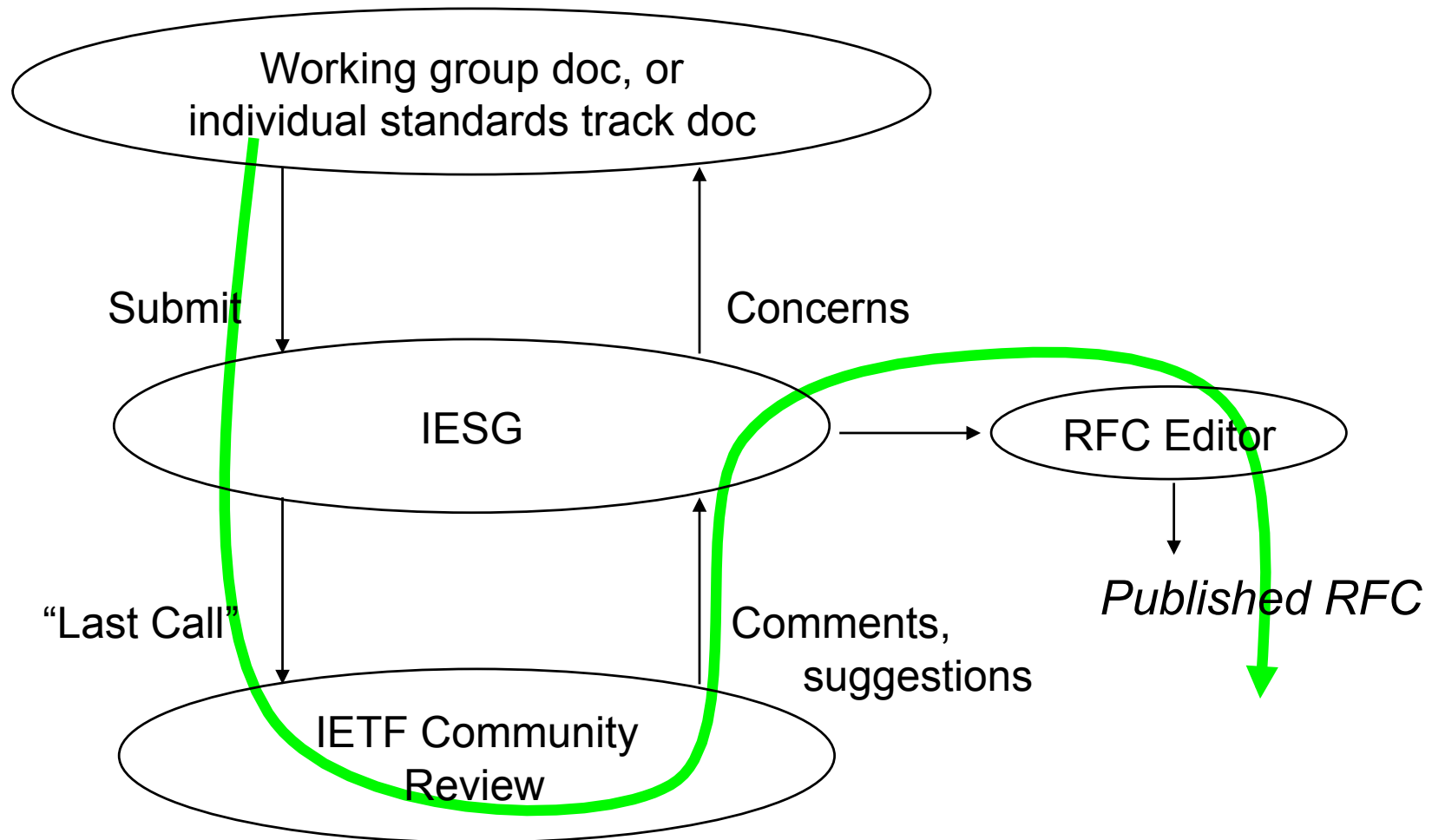
- start appeal at level above decision being appealed
- 1st to WG chair
- only then to Area Director
- only then to IESG
- only then to IAB

if claim is that the process has not been followed,

- only then an appeal can be made to the ISOC Board

Working Group Creation





- Proposals published as Internet Drafts (ID)
- Worked on in a Working Group
- WG sends IESG request to publish an ID 'when ready'
- Proposal reviewed by AD
 - can be sent back to working group for more work
- IETF Last-Call (4-week if no Working Group)
- IESG review
 - last call comments + own technical review
 - can be sent back to Working Group for more work
- Publication as RFC

- Initial Submission
- Author Refinement
- WG Acceptance
- Editor Selection
- WG Refinement
- WG Last Call

- AD Review
- IETF Last Call
- IESG Review
- Document sent to RFC Editor and IANA

- Joining the IETF activity since 2000
 - Contribute to RFC3743 (JET guideline for IDN)
 - Author RFC4713 (CDN guideline)
 - Submit many drafts
 - Give many comments
 - Join many IETF meeting since 2001
 - Face to Face meeting with many IETF experts to discuss and solve all kinds of problems
- IETF EAI (Email address internationalization) working group to try to solve the problem of IDN email
 - Co-chair for this WG

TLD
DN
EMAIL

.CN
Beijing.cn
name@abc.cn

.中国
北京.cn
名字@北京.cn

Overview and Framework for Internationalized Email
(RFC4952 July 2007)

SMTP extension for internationalized email address **(RFC5336
September 2008 submitted by CNNIC)**

Internationalized Email Headers
(RFC5335 September 2008)

International Delivery and Disposition Notifications **(RFC5337
September 2008)**

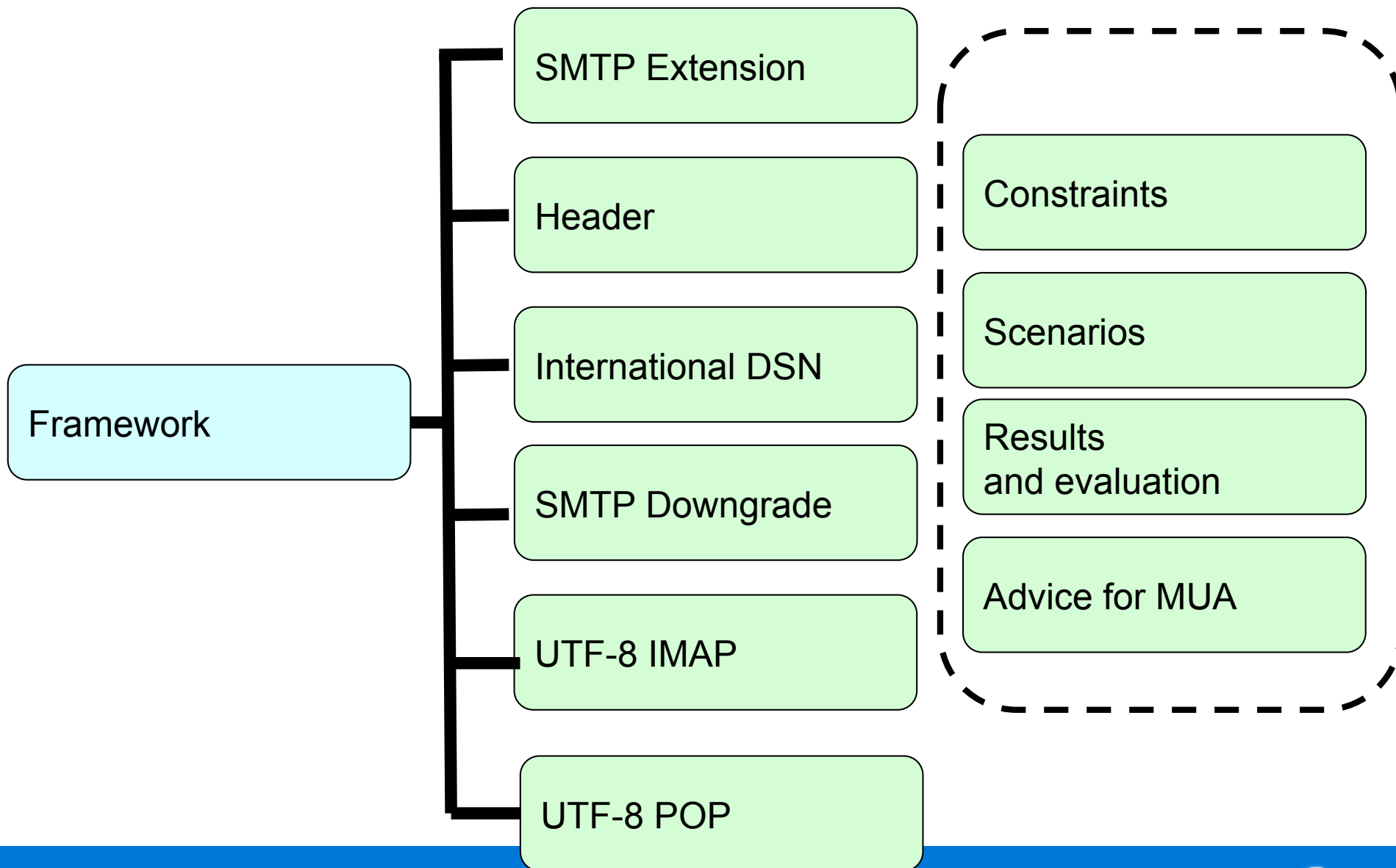
Downgrading mechanism for Email Address
Internationalization **(RFC5504 March 2009)**

UTF-8 Mail: Scenarios

IMAP Support for UTF-8

Mailing Lists and Internationalized Email Addresses

POP3 Support for UTF-8





In the near future, you can use these kind of email addresses.

eg. اختبار@اختبار

परीक्षा@उदाहरण.in

例え@例え.jp

실례@실례.kr

用户@中文.cn

été@Économie.fr

teuer@Schön.de

- Join IETF mailing lists
 - This is where the work happens
 - Read the mails
 - Give the comments
- Read the drafts
- Don't be shy, Talk to people
 - Exchanging ideas
 - An opportunity to improve your English if you speak English as a foreign language
- Look for common ground
- Help people to review the drafts and issues

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